

Use of Fluoride for Caries Prevention: Foundational Articles and Recommendations

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IAPD Recommendations

1. Optimal fluoride levels in water supplies for the prevention of dental caries and reduction of dental caries incidence is both safe and effective.

Consensus-based statement > Global agreement 89%

2. Dietary fluoride supplements may be effective in reducing dental caries in permanent teeth for children at increased caries risk who drink fluoride-deficient water.

Consensus-based statement > Global agreement 72%

3. Professionally applied topical fluoride treatments as 5 percent NaF (2.26% F) varnish are efficacious in reducing caries in the primary and permanent dentition of children at caries risk.

Evidence-based recommendation > Global agreement N/A

4. 1.23% percent fluoride gel preparations are efficacious in reducing caries in the permanent dentition of children at increased caries risk.

Consensus-based recommendation > Global agreement 89%

5. Brushing children's teeth twice daily with fluoridated toothpaste, between 1,000 – 1,500 ppm fluoride is effective in reducing dental caries in children. Using an age appropriate amount of toothpaste on the brush ("smear" for children under age 3; "pea-size" for children 3-6).

Consensus-based recommendation > Global agreement 95%

6. Prescription-strength 1.1% NaF (0.5% F) gels and pastes are effective in reducing dental caries in high caries risk children over the age of 6.

Consensus-based recommendation > Global agreement 78%

7. Use of 38% silver diamine fluoride (5% F) is effective for the arrest of dentine caries lesions in primary teeth.

Evidence-based recommendation > Global agreement N/A